BOARD OF APPORTIONMENT PUBLIC HEARING HOPE

THURSDAY, JULY 26, 2001

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University of Arkansas at Hope Auditorium 2500 South Main Street Hope, Arkansas

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2	PROCEEDINGS
3	* * * *
4	THURSDAY, JULY 26, 2001
5	6:10 p.m.
6	* * * * *
7	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: Okay.
8	Good evening. I am going to officially
9	call this meeting to order. The Board of
10	Apportionment meeting now, Mark. Is it one
11	of those clappers?
12	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: You
13	touch it.
14	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: I
15	was saying that this lamp is going to be tough
16	on old eyes and, of course, I am talking
17	for myself, not for Mark. First of all, we
18	want to let you know how much we appreciate
19	your being here this each evening. This is a
20	very important step in the process of
21	redistricting.
22	And one of the things, the most important
23	things, you will hear me emphasize it, you will
24	hear Mark emphasize it, and you will probably
25	hear the staff emphasize it, this is a draft.

It is a draft map. It is not a final map. The Board has not voted on this map. It is something that the staff prepared for us to bring out, and for people to take a look at and make a determination, give us some input and give us an opportunity, then, to go back and maybe make some changes.

These lines are not carved in stone, they are subject to change. In fact, we would all be most surprised if nothing changed on the maps. And I am going to tell you right now, from the other hearings, we know that there will be changes made to the maps.

Let me also say that we had a very good census in Arkansas this year. We grew almost 14 percent, which I think is terrific, and it is wonderful for us in terms of revenue, just the growth over anticipated growth. We were anticipated to be at about two and a half million. We actually ended up at 2,673,400 people. But that, over a period -- say, 173,000 people, over a period of ten years equates to about \$12 million. So, that is good for Arkansas. We are very pleased.

Unfortunately, it doesn't always work that

well for redistricting, and there are some counties, most of the counties in the south that have lost population, and that has created some major challenges for us as we are drawing those lines. In fact, the ideal Senate district now has 9,300 people more than it did from 1990, from the 1992 redistricting. The ideal House district has changed by about 3,200 additional people.

So, it has created some challenges and it has made, obviously, districts in South Arkansas, geographically larger and in Northwest Arkansas, where they have gained quite a bit of population, geographically smaller. So, there have been some challenges there. But most of all, we want you to know, these lines are not carved in stone.

It is important that you are here to participate in this part of democracy. As the chief elections official for the State of Arkansas, and I think you all know that I have been very involved in elections in the State of -- and in this country, actually, since November the 8th of last year. I truly believe

that elections are the core of democracy, but it starts with redistricting, making sure that we follow the one person, one vote rule. And we have tried to be as fair and equitable as is humanly possible, making those districts as equal as can be. And you will hear more about that from Butch Reeves.

Before I turn it over to Mark, let me just say that the Governor is not here tonight because Janet was released from the hospital today, and he went to -- he went to the hospital to bring her home. And so, he was doing other duties today. So, we just wanted to let you know the reason why the Governor wasn't here, and he expresses his regrets. And I am going to turn it now over to Mark for a few

comments.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank

you. Basically, since the Governor is not here
today, Sharon and I agreed that if you all like
what we are doing, Sharon and I did it, if you
don't, the Governor did. Okay? No, that is not
true at all, but he did want to pass on his
regrets for not being here. And he mentioned

he hated had to miss Hope, most of all, just because it is home for him.

And we appreciate all of you all being here. Sharon pretty much hit the nail on the head when she said we have tried to solicit as much input as possible. It has been a long process. And the way this meeting will work is -- it is fairly straightforward. We will make our comments here, and then we will turn it over to Butch Reeves, who is the Governor's legal counsel, who is from Hope. And as we were driving into town, Butch was telling us all the places -- all the people he knows and all the places he used to go and all the stories behind everything, so it was fun to have Butch as our little tour guide.

But we will -- have you got that? Is that better? We will let Butch kind of give an overview of the process and how the Apportionment Board staff works, and what the legal criteria are for what we are doing here. One thing that is interesting, we are the only state in the union that does it this way. But it does make sense, Sharon being the chief elections officer, the Governor being the

chief executive officer of the state, and the Attorney General being the chief legal officer of the state, it just kind of makes sense that every ten years we would sit down and redraw the districts.

But the staff has done a great job.

We have Larry Crane, Tim Humphries, and Butch

Reeves here, and they have just done an

outstanding job. I know that some of you all I

have talked to personally about this process,

and I know that these three and the rest of the

staff has talked personally to a lot of folks,

and have tried to have an open door and get as

much input as possible.

And Dennis and David Beatty, I probably shouldn't tell this story, but I will. The other day, I was in my office, and I had probably had a little too much input, if you know what I mean. I had had people calling me and kind of wearing me out about how districts ought to look and what we ought to do in various parts of the state. So, I decided to play a little joke on a state senator. And I called him up and I said, "Senator," and by the way, I won't name his name, but I said,

"Senator," I said, "I have got bad news for you." He said, "What is that, Mark?"

I said, "We have eliminated your district." He said, "What do you mean?" And I said, "Well, your neighbor from the east came in and he made his pitch, and so we gave him half your district, and then your neighbor from the west came in and he made his pitch, made his case, we gave him the other half of your district." He said, "Mark, let me tell you about those two guys." He said, "My neighbor to the east, he is a shyster and his dad before him was a shyster." He said, "My neighbor to the west," he said, "he never shows up at any meetings. I have to vote for him half the time. And he is just in the Senate to line his own pockets."

And I had thought, "Man, this conversation is not going very well, you know, it is not going like I thought." And I said "Senator, look," I said, "I was just kidding. We did redraw your district, it looks fine. It ought to be exactly what you want. You ought to be completely happy with it." He said, "Mark," he said, "how could you make me say that about two

of the dearest friends a man ever had?"

But that is kind of how the process is. It is a little emotional, and that is okay, because we are talking about your right to be represented in state government, that is very important. We all take it very seriously, and we have spent hundreds of hours, cumulatively thousands of hours, probably, if you add all the staff hours in this, talking to people and trying to get input, and trying to take all these local concerns into our consideration about drawing these districts.

And we are kind of down, getting close to the end of the process. And we will let Butch take over from here and we will let him explain how the process works. So, Sharon, I will turn it back over to you.

SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: Before we to go to Butch, let me just say one final thing in terms of the plan. I want you to remember, we -- the three of us are elected officials. It is our desire to make as many people as possible happy. We don't -- we are really not trying to make people mad in this

process, we are really trying to make you happy. So, keep in mind that we are open to your suggestions.

We do have a court reporter here, who is making an official transcript of the meeting. So, I would ask you to proceed, when -- when the time comes for comments, to proceed to the microphone and make your comments. And also, you may want to line up there as you are making comments so that we don't have to wait while people move from their seat to the microphone.

And now, I am going to turn it over to Butch Reeves, who is another hometown boy from Hope.

MR. OLAN REEVES: Thank you. We just kind of wanted to give you a background on what this process is about. We started last fall, the staff members went to 13 cities in Arkansas, had some public hearings like this in different places, got comments of what people wanted. We didn't have any census numbers. We got those in March, we put them in the computer. By the third week of April, we started drawing maps.

We started in Texarkana and went to

West Memphis and Blytheville. We started in Fayetteville and Rogers and went all the way to Lake Village. We started in El Dorado and went to Harrison. We have done it about 20 or 40 different ways, and this is our suggestion to the Board. They have all seen it, but nobody has voted on it yet. That is why we need your input. Does Rosston need to be with Prescott? That is what we need to hear. Does this town need to be with this town? That is what we need to happen in this county? Some of us don't know that. So, we need to hear that.

To kind of tell you the process, the guidelines that we used. The United States Constitution really says one person, one vote. That is what this process is about. Every House district should have about 26,734 people or as close to that as you can get. Every Senate district should have 76,383 people or as close to that as you can get.

Every county along the border of the southern part of Arkansas either stayed the same or lost population. So, if you are one of those counties, your district had to

get bigger to get that many people in there.

Whereas in Northwest Arkansas, they gained

population, their districts actually shrunk and

got smaller, because it had have more people in

it. That is just the reality of the population

shifts.

The Arkansas Constitution merely requires that the Board's decision not be arbitrary.

That means, what guidelines did they use? And here they are, they are set out by the United States Supreme Court as interpreted in the Constitution in a myriad of cases over the years, but basically, this is it.

Compactness, that means trying to get the district as small as you can get it and still have those numbers of people in there.

Contiguity, that means that they have to touch. You can't have a part of a district in Miller County and another part over in Columbia

County, they have to touch. Preservation of political subdivisions, such as cities and counties. That is why sometimes we did not cross county lines if we didn't have. If we could square it up and end at a county line, we tried to. If we could stop at a river, we

tried to. We tried not to cut cities unless we absolutely had to, as a consideration.

The other considerations, which are just as important, are preservation of communities of interest. Is this a shopping hub? You are not going to have a county where every city in it is the same size. So, you are going to have a big city, medium-sized cities, and a lot of rural areas in these districts. But we tried to get the communities of interest together in the same House and Senate district as possible.

Preservation of the cores of
existing districts, this takes into
account incumbents. We didn't draw these
districts for incumbents, we had input
from incumbents, but we take into account where
the core of the current districts are and tried
to keep that unless it was impossible. And
there are some huge changes in South Arkansas
because of the population losses. So, if there
are huge changes in your county, the real
reason we changed it was because of the loss of
population. But we tried not to do that if we
didn't have to.

The last thing is compliance with Section

Two of the Voting Rights Act, that is something
we have to comply with. And so, some of the

districts are drawn with that in mind.

Now, here is essentially how the process is going to work. We have two hearings, next Tuesday we go to Hot Springs, next Thursday, we have the hearing in Little Rock. This is the ninth city we have been to in three days. And we have had comments every place we have been. The court reporter will transcribe that for the Board, we will sit down with the Board after that August 2nd hearing and make any requested changes that they ask us to make.

We have already been talking about some we heard about today in El Dorado and some we heard about in Pine Bluff, will that fit, will that work? Hopefully, by Labor Day, we hope to have a plan that the Board has voted on. Once it is voted on and filed with the Secretary of State, then that is the plan, unless and until we get sued, then we go from there. But that is essentially the time frame. By Labor Day, we hope to have this plan finalized.

So, we are here to get your comments about what you like or don't like, what you would like to change, if you would like to say,
"Thank you for what you did," we will take that, too. So, if you could go ahead and line up down by the microphone, and please state your name and what county you are from. If you represent a Quorum Court, if you represent —
if you are a county judge, or if you represent a group of people, please tell us that. If you are just here as a citizen, tell us that, too.

So, if somebody wants to be first, I feel like Bob Barker on Price is Right, "You all come on down." But we would like your comments, so go ahead and somebody be first, and everybody else kind of line up behind them.

MR. JAMES BROWN: I always did like to be first. I am James Roy Brown, a Nevada County Judge, and I want to personally talk about the -- I want to thank you for the Senate district, I think you did a good job. The representative district, we basically got the same thing that we had ten years ago, that is, we have got three representatives, it is good in one sense and bad in another.

Ten years ago, we had Prescott with

Hempstead County, which most of the folks

in Prescott, when they go shop, go to -- come

to Hope, if they go out of town. We try to

talk them into staying in town and shopping,

but you can't always do that. But when they do

go out of town, most of them will come to Hope

and shop. You were talking about trying to

keep, you know, your districts together, where

we have a hub of where we go shopping and stuff

of that nature.

20 years ago, we had Nevada County and Pike County as one district, which, you know, I know there is not enough people in Pike and Nevada County to make a district now, and I am not asking to do that. But I would like to see Nevada County have no more than two representatives, and would like to see Prescott and the northern part of Nevada County -- I would like to see all of Nevada County together, but I don't go figure I will see that.

We, in Nevada County, over the years have had sort of an imaginary line that the southern part of the county always felt

like they got left out of the northern part of the county. And we have been working on this to try to do away with it. And now then, we have got a sure enough line that is sending the southern part of the county to Hempstead County, and the lower part of the county to Clark County, and the eastern part of the county to Ouachita County.

And I would just like to see Nevada County have no more than two, and preferably have the northern part of the county going into

Hempstead County, because that is where most all of us go shop, and we know more people over here. That is about all I have got to say.

And do I know you all have got a long, hard job ahead of you and, you know, I feel for you.

But I appreciate the time.

MR. OLAN REEVES: I would like to make one other announcement. There was a suggested map out there, and that map only applies to Howard and Pike County. But Howard County came and asked us could we not split them three ways, so at their suggestion, we have a proposed map that puts Howard County in two districts. It has not been adopted yet, but they asked us to

print that up, so we have it out there for anybody from Howard County.

MR. JAMES CONWAY: James Conway, the mayor of Western Hempstead County of the town of McNab, representing a group of peoples. We certainly do appreciate what you have constructed, and it looks real good. We are pretty much satisfied with the way that you have drawn the district. I don't see no big problem there, but I think that the problem we are faced with now is that we lost, we -- according to the census, we lost a lot of population. That is not so.

We dropped from approximately
90 peoples in our town to 34, and that is
what is causing us a problem now. We all are
tax-paying citizens and we have worked hard to
try to get the water and sewers projects
beginning, and they are on their way, we are
bringing that in, but we don't have any funding
at this time because of the 75 percent loss in
that.

And whatever you can do to kind of assist us to kind of get it back to the record, and when they go back and do the census count

again, that they will do it according to, I guess, population of the counties. But certainly we are faced with some difficult problems at this time.

MR. OLAN REEVES: Thank you.

MR. DICK TALLMAN: I am Dick Tallman, the Sevier County Judge. And I am real happy with the way it is draw up right now. I didn't know that you had already had a redraw for Howard County, but I knew that was coming, because our representative and our senator are both from Howard County at this point, or at least the main part of the county. So, I knew that they would be screaming about the three-way split and having Sevier County all in one piece of pie there.

That is great for us, and if it -- I guess I am up here to say, if the noise level gets too high and you feel like you have got to do something there, then if you have to break my county into two pieces, the obvious place to break it is below Lockesburg. Those folks in the south part of the county pretty much align with Little River County and Howard County, anyway. The school districts are Mineral

Springs and Ashdown, south of Lockesburg. So, and don't get me wrong, I am not trying to give away part of my county, but that is the obvious place to break it, if you feel like you have got to do that.

Again, I am real happy with the way it is right now. And it is just once in lifetime you get the President Pro Tem to be your senator, so we would certainly like to hang onto as much of Sevier County in Jim Hill's district as possible. Although Barbara has been very good to us, too, we are happy to have her move a further up in the county. Thank you.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank

you. But you are happy on the Senate side, as
well?

MR. DICK TALLMAN: Yes.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay. Great.

MR. RUSS BENNETT: Okay. We moved south.

Old District 22, Number Four now, which -- and under the old plan had the south half of Miller County and then it had the Springhill box in the south part of Hempstead County, and it also had Waldo and Taylor over in Columbia County.

And I am losing Springhill, which I really --

really, I have got a lot of good friends there.

I hate to lose that, but I can understand

Hempstead County wanting to be together. And I think that probably is a good thing on this

plan. But I guess my comments -- positive comments would stop there.

The way the district was drawn, I had the south half of Miller County, and have worked with those folks for two terms, and they know me and I know them, and we get along fine. And that is a good part of the compact district the way it was. It is a whole lot more gerrymandered now than it was before.

A couple of suggestions. You have been to El Dorado. Let me ask you what you heard about my district -- the part of my district that goes into the south part of Union County. Were there complaints over there about that?

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Well, yes. The folks in Union County would rather have almost kind of a donut shape House district, one that goes all the way around Union County, in other words, all up -- I mean, one that goes around El Dorado.

MR. RUSS BENNETT: El Dorado, right.

1	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: In other
2	words, the rest of Union County be whole.
3	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Right.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: But, you
5	know, that is a consistent theme that we hear
6	around the state, is people would love to keep
7	their county whole or love to keep their city
8	whole. And we understand that. So, you know,
9	on this map, compared to the maps over there
10	that we are presently under, the existing
11	districts
12	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Right, right.
13	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: we have
14	done a much better job, I think, of keeping
15	counties whole.
16	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Okay.
17	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And so, we
18	are sensitive to that.
19	MR. RUSS BENNETT: All right. What I was
20	going to suggest, District Seven or is it
21	Six? Excuse me, District Six, which is El
22	Dorado itself, now?
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Yes, uh-huh.
24	(Indicated yes.)
25	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Is nearly neutral

on the percentages there. I think it is, what, 1 .047, it is just a hair, half a percent over. 2 I don't know how much of that could be absorbed 3 by -- I think there is four precincts there, 4 four or five, I believe it is four. And I 5 don't know how many of them could be absorbed 6 7 by District Six and then District Seven. 8 ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: 9 (Indicated yes.) 10 MR. RUSS BENNETT: A little into Seven, 11 because they are already over a little, 12 they might could take one precinct, and 13 the other two -- you know, the other three precincts might could be absorbed. 1415 not sure what those populations are. is just a suggestion from my point of view. 16 17 Those folks have very little in common with 18 somebody from Lafayette County. And seeing as those other two precincts -- or other two 19 districts, other two districts, Six and Seven, 20 21 Six especially, is just right at even. 22 could absorb some and help those people to be 23 in the same county all together there. 24 ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Right. Just 25 for your knowledge, District Seven, as it is

1	currently drafted, and again, the key word is
2	"draft"
3	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Right.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: is almost
5	four percent over the optimum.
6	MR. RUSS BENNETT: That is right. They
7	couldn't take much
8	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Right,
9	right.
10	MR. RUSS BENNETT: if any, to still be
11	in compliance. But Six
12	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: District
13	Six
14	MR. RUSS BENNETT: They could take quite a
15	few.
16	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: is almost
17	exactly optimum.
18	MR. RUSS BENNETT: It would put them over,
19	but still within the five is it five
20	percent?
21	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Five
22	percent, yes, sir.
23	MR. RUSS BENNETT: And that would put
24	those people with people that they have the
25	common thought with. The other thing that

1	I would suggest, and I don't know if I think
2	Ken Cowling left. Frank, you spoke with him
3	for a minute?
4	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Yes.
5	MR. RUSS BENNETT: I don't think he could
6	stay. But Ken Cowling has inherited the south
7	half of Miller County which I now have. And I
8	talked with him here, then I talked with her
9	earlier today up at the we were both at a
10	committee meeting in Little Rock today. And we
11	are probably both equally unhappy with that.
12	I would like to keep it, he would not
13	he really would not like to go there.
14	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Which
15	part of the district? I am sorry.
16	MR. RUSS BENNETT: The south half of
17	his district, which if you look at the current
18	map, or the current district, I have the south
19	half of Miller County.
20	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Right,
21	right. Under the existing district? As it is
22	existing?
23	MR. RUSS BENNETT: That is right. That is
24	correct. And his district is Two, I believe.
25	He is 3.81 over, and I am District Four, I am

1	4.64 percent under.
2	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Right. So,
3	in other words, what you would like to do, if I
4	understand it is, in effect, no offense to the
5	folks in Union County, but you would like to
6	MR. RUSS BENNETT: No, no.
7	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: block
8	that out and get back into Miller County?
9	MR. RUSS BENNETT: If they would fit, that
10	is correct. If they would still staying
11	within the five percent guidelines, if those
12	Union County people could be included in those
13	two precincts there. And I haven't spoken to
14	any of them, but you have been over there.
15	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Right,
16	right.
17	MR. RUSS BENNETT: You know, I just
18	feel I just know how my county feels, and I
19	feel like they would like to be a part of their
20	county's representation, if possible. That
21	would not bring the district out of compliance.
22	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Right.
23	MR. RUSS BENNETT: It would make me
24	even smaller than I already am, or the district
25	that I am currently in. And as a result then,

1	I could begin to pick up some of that excess
2	that Ken Cowling has in South Miller County.
3	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Well,
4	that is one of those that
5	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Which would bring
6	it back a little more like it is now.
7	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: That is one
8	of those that when we get back to Little Rock,
9	we can sure look at that and run the numbers
10	and see if that is workable.
11	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Okay.
12	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: One
13	observation, by the way, just to let everybody
14	know. And it stands to reason, but maybe you
15	never thought about it, when you are in an area
16	around the borders of the state where you have
17	got Louisiana to the south, Texas to the west,
18	there is just not a lot of place you can go.
19	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Yeah. I thought
20	you couldn't do anything to two-sides me, but
21	you did.
22	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: We found
23	a lot of things.
24	MR. RUSS BENNETT: You found a way. But at
25	any rate, those are my suggestions.
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1	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
2	you.
3	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Because you do have
4	there are options within the five percent there
5	that could bring my district more like it was,
6	and it would also probably make those Union
7	County folks a lot more happy. Thank you.
8	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
9	you. Russ Bennett.
10	MR. RUSS BENNETT: Russ Bennett. I
11	forgot.
12	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: And I am Frank
13	Scroggins, Lafayette County Judge. First
14	of all, I would like to ask one question. When
15	you create the minority districts, what kind of
16	percentage do you have to have for the
17	minorities, 51 or greater or 60 percent or
18	greater to satisfy?
19	MR. OLAN REEVES: It depends, because the
20	numbers you are looking at on those charts we
21	gave you, that is total
22	population.
23	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Yes.
24	MR. OLAN REEVES: That is not voting
25	age population. We have looked at voting age

1	population in drawing these districts. So, if
2	we are drawing the minority one, it depends on
3	who you ask. Some would say 51 percent is
4	enough, some would say 60. So, it just
5	depends. And I hate to answer it that way, but
6	it just depends.
7	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Okay. Wait
8	a minute. That is what leads into what
9	I am going to ask. I feel the same as
10	Russ. You know, we were southern half
11	of Miller County with Lafayette, a little bit
12	of Hempstead, and we have picked up, I believe
13	it was Taylor and Waldo in Columbia County.
14	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And,
15	Judge, for clarification, we are talking about
16	the House side only?
17	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: House side only,
18	yes. We will talk about Senate in a minute.
19	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay. Sure.
20	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: And on the House
21	side, you know, our continuity is more with,
22	you know, I feel like the people in lower
23	Miller County. We have a relationship
24	with them. And then, when you have thrown in
25	this 2,200 people plus over in the lower end of

Union County, you know, we don't have any, you know, connections there. And in looking at the map, and you are talking about shifting, I see that District Five is 4.29 under the allowable number, but it is 59 percent, I believe, minority district.

I think that to still keep your minority district, that you can do some shifting of Union County that a way and maybe absorb this, you know, little nook that you have a Union County. And also, in Ashley County, you have a 4.3 under allowable. There may be a way to shift Union County or the lower part of Bradley, District Eight, which I see that District Eight is a plus 3.73, shift it over and then shift Union County that a way.

I know this is a tough job and everybody has got their own opinion of it, and -- but what I want to see is our district stay more like it was. You know, we have been diluted from a district that was roughly 45 percent population of the district in Lafayette County to around 30 percent. And we have been fortunate in the past to have our representative to live in our county.

You know, we are one of the small rural counties of Arkansas, one of the handful under 10,000 population. And I believe with the shift, with the district like it is, that we are probably going to lose, you know, our representative. I don't see how we can compete with the, you know, 60 something percent that is going to be to the east of us, in with it.

But I see that reaching out past, you know, the 12 counties down here and doing some shifting to the east and to the north, that possibly, you know, this shift could be made into -- you know, put us more into Miller County and reduce that District Two, which is -- I believe, is going to be about four percent, 3.8 percent above the allowable, and then shift it to us, and would, I think, give us more continuity.

That is the way I feel about it, in my opinion. And I am going to be honest with you, my biggest concern is losing the representative that lives in my county. But I mean, that is my biggest complaint about it. And I know that you all have spent months on it, and we have talked about it, I have been

1	to several meetings, and I appreciate the hard
2	work that you all have done. And the work you
3	have done has been good work. But I just
4	wanted to tell you to adjust it a little bit.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Well, we
6	understand we are not quite there yet.
7	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Yeah.
8	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And we
9	are willing to just face that we will have
10	to adjust.
11	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: And we have a
12	delegation of about 12 people here, and
13	they may want to take about another two hours,
14	three hours, too, to tell you the way they feel
15	about it. You know, I am speaking really from
16	myself and what I see from my county, and they
17	may have some input in it, too.
18	When we get to the Senate side, I am, you
19	know, happy with it. I think it is you
20	know, it will be good with it.
21	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Good.
22	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: So, that is all
23	I have at this time. And I appreciate you all
24	coming.
25	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Judge,

1	let me ask you one quick just point of
2	clarification.
3	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Okay.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: When
5	you introduced yourself, you said you were from
6	Lafayette County. I have always heard it
7	pronounced "Lafayette".
8	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Well, now, when
9	I pronounce it, you can do it either way.
10	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: What is
11	that?
12	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: When I pronounce it,
13	you can do it either way. When you say you are
14	from Lafayette County, it is how you spell it.
15	And I say, "You spell it 'Lafayette'," so, you
16	know
17	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay. I
18	just wondered.
19	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: You know, nobody
20	knows how to spell Lafayette, so
21	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
22	I just wanted to make sure there wasn't a
23	movement afoot right now to go back and to
24	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: We are one and all,
25	we are one and all. Appreciate it.

1	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay. Thank
2	you.
3	MR. LYNN ROE KING: I am a transplant down
4	in Lafayette County.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Yes, sir.
6	MR. LYNN ROE KING: I am not a cajun,
7	so it is not "Lafayette". Okay?
8	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
9	MR. LYNN ROE KING: I am Lynn Roe
10	King, superintendent of Lewisville School
11	District, a district that is compromised in the
12	area of Lafayette and Miller County. I did a
13	consolidation a few years ago with the Garland
14	School District, which compromises an area
15	encompassed essentially by the Red River
16	township over in Miller County, which under the
17	previous alignment was in our district, was in
18	Senator or excuse me, Representative Russ
19	Bennett's district, who just spoke to you a few
20	minutes go.
21	And I would just like to kind of reiterate
22	what Judge Scroggins has related to you and
23	Representative Bennett in terms of the shift.
24	I would certainly like to keep my school
25	district contiguous and in alignment with that

representative district, and not have it split out as it was proposed in this draft map by keeping a portion of Miller County, that those townships or two in that area of Miller County are part of the district, and keeping my district contiguous as far as representation in the House.

I can understand the situation, and
I realize the perils. And I have been to UALR
here a few days ago with some of my East lab
students, and we are working on maps and trying
to work some zone information ourselves, and I
realize and appreciate Larry and some of them
sitting here with the problems that you all are
facing with this in trying to align and balance
everything, Mark, with what you have related to
us at the beginning there.

But if this shift takes place in terms of going to Columbia County and over into Union County, there is no question about, in voting, what is going to happen to Lafayette County and its representation as far as a representative is concerned. We are probably going to lose that. And that is very important to educators in that area, the school districts in Lafayette

1 County.

With this -- with the court hearing here on this latest Lakeview situation, I am sure there is going to be some situations developing, probably in the next year or two. It is pure speculating, but I can see further consolidations in this state. And I think this is something -- you know, this is a ten-year plan that you people are proposing here.

And that is something that, I think, visionaries need to be thinking about in terms of school districts, county alignments, because there is only one county in this state that has contiguous school districts for counties, and I believe that is Cleveland County. The rest of them, you know, we are splitting out into all counties everywhere we go. And so, I would certainly like to keep Miller, or that portion of Miller, that I represent, and we serve the students and the commerce, from that standpoint for that school district.

And again, I appreciate your efforts.

I think the Senate situation is fine. Senator

Owens has done a tremendous job this past

session, and we certainly appreciate her. And

1	I like the alignment on the Senate. But the
2	House, I would sure like to see you tweak that
3	a little bit.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
5	you. You know, what might be helpful for
6	us, if you haven't already done it is, I know
7	you are talking about around Garland, you know,
8	and Miller County, which is just across the
9	river. If you could maybe send Larry Crane a
10	map of how far into Miller County the school
11	district goes
12	MR. LYNN ROE KING: Right, sure.
13	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: so we can
14	have kind of a feel for how that looks.
15	MR. LYNN ROE KING: Be glad to.
16	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And that
17	might make let us do a more educated study
18	of that.
19	MR. LYNN ROE KING: Okay.
20	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
21	you.
22	MR. LYNN ROE KING: Thank you, again.
23	Thank you very much.
24	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST:
25	Superintendent, congratulations for using those
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1	East kids, they will do a real good job for
2	you.
3	MR. LYNN ROE KING: Thank you.
4	MR. JOE GRAHAM: My name is Joe Graham, I
5	am chairman of the Hempstead County Democratic
6	party and chairman of the Hempstead County
7	Election Commission. I want to thank you first
8	for your hard work on developing these maps.
9	And I think what you did for our district on
10	the House side is a positive thing. I
11	think Hempstead County needs to be one
12	district. And if you start realigning
13	these counties, I would just ask your
14	consideration to keep Hempstead County together
15	on that.
16	And on the Senate draft, the way it
17	is drawn is fine, but if you could get all of
18	Hempstead County together on that, as well, I
19	think that would be a positive thing for our
20	county.
21	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
22	you.
23	MR. JOE GRAHAM: Thank you.
24	MR. JACK DAUGHERTY: Jack Daugherty
25	from Columbia County, Magnolia, I am a business
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person, the chairman of the Chamber of Commerce 1 2 and Magnolia Economic Development. Again, I would like to thank you, as these others have, 3 for the hard work you have done. And as you 4 5 know, ten years ago, in the last census, Columbia County was carved up into, I think, 6 7 five districts. And it was four districts --8 ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Four on the 9 House, three on the Senate. 10 MR. JACK DAUGHERTY: Four on the House, three on the Senate. And as others are 11 12 stating, we did not have a representation that 13 lived the Columbia County representing Columbia 14 County, so we were -- it was hard for 15 representation for our area. If you have 16 listened to us through the last several years, 17 we want and need representation there, for 18 schools, growth, and the needs that we have. 19 The plan that you all had come up, I 20 think, as a whole, we appreciate it, we think 21 it will work for Columbia County, having two 22 representatives, and the Senate plan will work. 23 I think there is a little tweaking, you 24 probably have received input from and --25 ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: We talked to

1	your clerk today, actually.
2	MR. JACK DAUGHERTY: We appreciate that.
3	But I just want to state that, help Columbia
4	County out, and we need the representation.
5	Thank you.
6	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
7	you.
8	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST:
9	Thank you.
10	MR. CHARLES BLACK: I almost feel like
11	a traitor following Jack. I am a native of
12	Columbia County, I am now president of a bank
13	in Lewisville, Arkansas, so you see where I am
14	coming from on. The things I want to
15	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: Sir,
16	would you state your name for the Court
17	Reporter, please?
18	MR. CHARLES BLACK: Charles Black. Excuse
19	me. Charles Black. The things I want to
20	follow up on is what Lynn Roe said, and
21	Representative Bennett, and also Frank
22	Scroggins. We are closely aligned to the
23	Miller County area and the Red River area. I
24	am on the Arkansas Red River Commission, the
25	secretary/treasurer of that, and we are working

trying to get navigation down the river.

We feel like that Representative

Bennett has been working very hard for us. We

are not for sure that someone that is possibly

up located in El Dorado or in the western part

of the -- the eastern part of Columbia County,

that we would have the same representation we

have now. Garland City is a big issue with us.

And if you will move further south, and I am

sure we have a representative from Bradley with

us, but maybe farther south, in the farming

community there, is more closely aligned with

the other side of the river on the Miller

County side.

We do appreciate everything that you have done, but we do feel like that we are being somewhat penalized and losing some of our -- the little bit of clout that we do have. So, we would appreciate some consideration in trying to keep our representatives that we have and possibly having a new one when his term limit goes out. Thank you.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank you.

MS. REBECCA MARTIN: My name is
Rebecca Martin, I am a former Democratic
candidate for what used to be District 22. I
guess I am going to piggy-back what all
of Lafayette County has said. Being a former
candidate, I know it was very hard to travel
across those areas of Lafayette, Columbia,
Hempstead, and Miller that we already had.

To redistrict, as I see on the map, it was very confusing in Columbia County the first couple of times to figure out where we were going. We have a similarity and things that we share in common with a part of Miller County that was already in our district, I think it would be a disservice to the constituents of that area, especially once term limits is over, to realign all of that, because those of us who are familiar with the area, we are familiar with their needs.

If we are to be swallowed up by part of Columbia County and a small portion of Union County, which we have very little in common with, not only would we lose our voice, I think that we will lose the essence of what was is

needed in that area of our district.

So, although we appreciate, and we know it is a difficult task that you all have, or that you have to do, but we would like for you to consider the fact that although we had no control over the population growth or decline in our county, we do feel that the representation that we have had in the years past, that is it needed still in that county, because we are a group of people understand each other, who understand our needs. And hopefully we can all work together to accomplish those things. Those who have shared views and shared ideas normally accomplish things. Thank you.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank you.

SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: Thank you.

MS. DIANE FLETCHER: I am Diane Fletcher from Lafayette County, and I would like to thank you for what all you have done. And I would like to ask you -- to tell you that I agree with what all the citizens, the judge, and Representative Bennett, and Mr. King, and

1	all the others have asked you to do. I would
2	ask that you please consider moving giving
3	us back that part of Miller County in any way
4	possible. Thank you.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank you.
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7	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST:
8	Thank you, Diane.
9	MR. TROY BUCK: I am Troy Buck, from
10	Alpine up in Clark County. We are tickled to
11	death with the Senate, and we would like for
12	you to do the same thing in the House, in
13	putting us back with a rural district. I don't
14	know there is enough numbers to make a lot of
15	difference, because we only had about 150
16	votes, I think. And I represent I am the
17	unelected spokesman for that group of people at
18	Alpine and Amity.
19	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: You are
20	talking about up in the very northwest corner
21	of Clark County?
22	MR. TROY BUCK: Yes, sir, right.
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: All
24	right.
25	MR. TROY BUCK: See, we did it in the

1	House, we put us over there with Glenwood and
2	Hot Spring and Montgomery County. But in the
3	Senate, you put us back with row crop and flat
4	land country. And we are chickens and cattle.
5	And it would make his district pretty wide
6	right through that narrow spot.
7	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
8	MR. TROY BUCK: Thank you.
9	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
10	you.
11	MR. RAY TURK: My name is Ray Turk, I
12	am from Lewisville, Arkansas, I am on the City
13	Council there. And I was here to support the
14	districting. And we appreciate what you all
15	have done, but I would like to reiterate what
16	the previous spokesmen have said, that we would
17	like to be considered to be put back in Miller
18	County, because we have a little more to do
19	with Miller County than we do over in Union
20	County.
21	It is kind of hard to associate
22	yourself with somebody over in that part
23	of the nothing against those people,
24	they are good people over there. But we would
25	like you to reconsider that, would you please,

1	sir? Thank you.
2	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST:
3	Thank you.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: We will look
5	at it. Thank you.
6	MR. DAVID BEATTY: I am David Beatty, from
7	Lewisville and Lafayette County. I
8	am a lifetime resident of the county. I
9	appreciate you all coming down. I am impressed
10	to see the brass down here tonight. And I am
11	sorry the Governor is not here. I am not too
12	good with the numbers, but it look looks like
13	we are talking about basically District Four,
14	which is proposed for Lafayette County's part
15	in District Two, and Miller County.
16	Just a couple of notes I have made.
17	District Four is about 1,250 people under.
18	I can't do percentages well, but I know if you
19	have got about 26,000, we are about 1,250 under
20	and, really, a district that has lost
21	population or a county that has lost population
22	in these rural communities over the last 30
23	years, maybe longer.
24	The proposal, I agree with the judge
25	and the state representative from our area,

Lafayette County, and others, that if you add part of Miller County, you add -- well, especially the river townships, which are Red River, which is Garland, and Cutoff, which is just there, has a few folks in it, and then Sulfur, which borders also Lafayette County on the western side and joins with the Red River. There is common interest in these, there is families on both sides.

Everywhere you find a river crossing or a narrow bridge, you find those things in common, business interests, of course, there is farming and lots of other businesses that has grown over the years, small towns and communities, more importantly, small schools. And the Red River, as Charles Black has stated, we have had a lot of interest and a lot of activity, although you can't see a lot. But if you go down there and dig, you find those rocks that have been embedded in those banks for 40 or 50 years now to keep the banks stabilized.

There has been 30 years of association with Miller and Lafayette County folks. I can say that for 20 years of those, they haven't always agreed, but the interest has generally

been the same, given the types of communities, whether you have got chicken houses or pine trees or farms or small businesses or small industries, you have -- for a long time, I said we didn't have an elevator or an escalator anywhere in any those districts. Now, we have one elevator, thanks to Frank Scroggins.

In the last 15 years or less, there has been two major bridge projects to connect the communities on the north end of the Red River, it is proposed on the west boundary of District Four, and on the south end, which one replaced a ferry that had been there from the time -- from the beginning of time. All of these areas in Miller County, especially the river townships that border, would be contiguous.

The Red River School District -
the Red River township, which is what we call

the old Garland School District, voted many

years ago to combine, and Lewisville School

District voted to combine with Garland, and

there has been a school district there for

a long time. And I hate to see the vote of the

people be not really disenfranchised, but for

Lynn Roe King or his successor or whoever who has to handle that business, it is certainly a lot more common sense for those folks who have traded in Lewisville, have families and connections back and forth, to be in the same legislative district and have the same state representative.

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Proposed District Number Two is about a thousand over -- you all can do the numbers better than I can, but relatively speaking, would tend to gain population, because the industrial capabilities, especially in Little River County. They have been fortunate, where we haven't. Probably lastly, but not least important, the percentages of African-American population in the two districts, if you took these three river townships on the eastern border of Miller County, you will find the concentration of the black populations in Garland and also in the Doddridge and the Brightstar community, and the rest of that district pretty well doesn't have a very high density at all. It is pretty low.

And by putting them over with a

district that runs on up north around

Texarkana, I think you will find that their

voting strength and their input in the

government would be much greater if they

are aligned with Lafayette County, which

is about a balanced community, and some of the

other communities which may fall in with the

district. But again, thank you all for coming

out. I really appreciate it. And thank you for

this time.

SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: Thank you.

ask you something, David, before you leave the microphone. It is just a question for context. Let's just say hypothetically, and this is a hypothetical. Let's just say, as we look over on the eastern edge of District Number Four, draft District Number Four on the House side. Let's just say, again, hypothetically, we cannot take that part of District Four out of Union County, we have to leave them in there for population reasons, just for number reasons. Again, this is hypothetical. If we have to keep that there, would you still want

that part of Miller County? 1 MR. DAVID BEATTY: 2 Yes. ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: 3 MR. DAVID BEATTY: Our district is -- the 4 5 group that -- the way you grouped that district up, it is going to tend to lose population, as 6 7 you all stated earlier, that the whole South 8 Arkansas group does. And I don't think there 9 is really any danger of having a -- the things 10 that we have heard up in Northwest Arkansas the last few years, they wanted to have theirs 11 redone in the middle of time for money, to 12 13 divide up for other purposes, anyway. 14 I think that we see a trend over many years, at least in the 30 years I 15 16 can remember. I am more than 30 years 17 old. But we are going to lose population down 18 there, probably, unless something else happens. 19 Unless those people from California move back, you know, all of our friends out there that

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ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And the part of Miller County that you are referring to, and I think others are, is the part in the curve in

wait until they retire to come home.

they have got a good reason.

the Red River that, I guess, it is kind of the northern, north central part of that eastern part of Miller County?

MR. DAVID BEATTY: Lynn Roe King has some maps of the district, and I think you will find that it looked like the northeast corner, if you can see that as a square or a rectangle. That is where the Garland School District runs all the way up and down the river, and it has lots of land area. So, really, you are looking at the eastern portion. And depending on whether you go into the Beach township, which is Fouke or Cleveland, which is Genoa, central and below it, that gets right to the heart of the south-central down below.

But that is -- yeah. I think if you said the south half, you are -- you fudge a little bit on the east side as you go up the river, but if you can justify your numbers and the policy of moving that, yeah. Those folks have been with us a long time and we have been with them.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And would your priority be to take that whole Garland School District?

MR. DAVID BEATTY: I would say to
follow the river down.
ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Yeah.
MR. DAVID BEATTY: Because of the
issues that are they are going to be
important. That is one of the only resources
we have right in that area, that was farming,
and farming has been pretty tough. But that
could be a real boom, potentially. But if you
stopped it just on one township there, you will
have some differences, maybe.
ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
MR. DAVID BEATTY: Thank you very much,
again.
ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
you.
MR. HARVEY HAM: I am Harvey Ham, I
am from Lewisville, from the Quorum Court. And
I agree with what has been said here about
leaving the school district together. You know,
we have a lot more in common with the people in
Miller County than we do in Union County. I
was raised in Garland, and I live in
Lewisville. And we still have a lot of family

1	of anyone, I don't think, in Union County. So,
2	we appreciate it if you all would take that
3	into consideration,
4	please.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
6	you.
7	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST:
8	Thank you.
9	MR. OLAN REEVES: Anybody else?
10	MR. FRANK SCROGGINS: Let me make one
11	comment that I should have made earlier
12	that really concerns me as being a rural
13	county. You all are familiar with Revenue
14	Stabilization Act, and I know I am, I know
15	Diane is, and David is, and Russ. A lot
16	of these people don't understand the
17	Revenue Stabilization Act. And this is
18	one thing that concerns me about being put with
19	a larger county like Columbia that has a
20	they are a class three county, we are a class
21	one county. Revenue stabilization is the
22	turn-back money that cities and counties get
23	every biennium to operate off of, it is divided
24	one percent equally.
25	Now, the shift in population has gone
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to the populated areas. If you look up in the northwest part of the state where you have the growth in Pulaski County, it is going to come to a point, and I know David and Russ fight -- have fought this, I know David did and Russ does, too, to change that formula, one percent equally to 75 counties, 25 percent of the population.

So, the rural counties, if it gets
to where the representatives are from the
larger areas, they are going to starve us out,
and that is another big concern that I have for
the small cities and small county, is the fact
that if this Revenue Stabilization Act is ever
changed, we may as well consolidate with Miller
and Columbia or Hempstead Counties and go with
it.

And that is another factor, too, that I am pushing so much to keep my representatives, because my representatives have fought for us to keep what we do have. And that is not just us. There is other smaller counties throughout the state, and they are all facing the same thing with this, you know, crunch that we have in economics, too. Thank you all.

1	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
2	you.
3	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Hi. I am Dolly Henley,
4	and I am a Hempstead County resident, live in
5	Washington, and I am a Howard County employee,
6	I work for the city of Nashville.
7	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Good.
8	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: And Mark, only and I
9	don't see any Howard County people here. Are
10	we supposed to be attending another meeting?
11	UNIDENTIFIED WOMAN: Here we are.
12	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Oh, girls, yes. Well,
13	my concern, and Mark, as I have told the
14	Highway Commission before, I like to see some
15	highways and some cities on some of these
16	county maps, because I get kind of confused on
17	where everything is.
18	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Yes, the big
19	map is probably better for that.
20	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Okay, okay. Well, help
21	me to understand this, on the Howard County
22	side, on the Nashville side.
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: You are
24	talking about on the House draft?
25	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: On the house draft,

1	then we will talk about the Senate in a minute.
2	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
3	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: On the House draft,
4	those Northern Hempstead County folks who
5	attend school in Howard County, who buy
6	groceries and use the highways in Howard
7	County, not Hempstead County, and who need to
8	be heard in the legislature from the Howard
9	County folks, because that is who they are. We
10	need to get that Northern Hempstead County back
11	in that Howard County district, and there is no
12	doubt about it. We have had, as you knew, very
13	good representation in the House and in
14	the Senate with Representatives Larry
15	Teague and Jim Hill, and they have done
16	an outstanding job for our district.
17	The people in Northern Hempstead
18	County are Nashville, Howard County people. And
19	even though we know that tourists don't know
20	county lines, these folks who go to school up
21	there, I mean, they are Nashville people, they
22	are not Hope people.
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Uh-huh.
24	(Indicated yes.)
25	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Okay? And I would just

1	like for you to reconsider that. And I know
2	you have looked at it many times, many, many
3	times, and I appreciate all your efforts. But
4	that northern part and I live in Washington,
5	but that northern part does not need to come
6	south, it needs to go on north and west of
7	Howard County.
8	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: So, wait
9	a minute. Let me see if I understand this. You
10	want
11	MR. OLAN REEVES: She is talking about
12	right here. (Indicating.)
13	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
14	MR. OLAN REEVES: Right now, this precinct
15	and this precinct are in this district, House
16	district right now.
17	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay, okay.
18	MR. OLAN REEVES: She is talking about the
19	Hempstead the Hempstead, Howard County line
20	is about two miles from that.
21	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Oh, it is not even two
22	miles from the bypass. I am telling you that I
23	do this every day. And it is just right there.
24	You can throw a good football, I mean, if you
25	are a Scrapper, you can throw a pass and hit

1	the county line.
2	MR. OLAN REEVES: Okay.
3	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Several places,
4	you all, up there on even north up there on
5	27, like where MasterCraft and those guys are,
6	they get Hempstead County again. Those guys,
7	they have nothing to do with Hempstead County
8	except pay their taxes here. They listen to
9	the representative and the senator, I mean,
10	that is who they that is who we talk to up
11	there. Can you kind of feel that, Mark?
12	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Yes. And I
13	am just looking at it. And let me ask the
14	staff, maybe, Butch, you are the best one to
15	address this. But there is an alternative map,
16	I think you mentioned that was in the lobby?
17	MR. OLAN REEVES: Yes. But it doesn't
18	affect this. It affects these precincts
19	up here that go to this District 23, right up
20	here. (Indicating.)
21	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.
22	MR. OLAN REEVES: Is this still Howard
23	County? Yes. So, Howard County really only
24	has two districts instead of three.
25	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Okay.

1	So, this does not address her questions?						
2	MR. OLAN REEVES: She is talking about						
3	this precinct right here and perhaps this one						
4	right here. (Indicating.) I don't know how						
5	many people that is.						
6	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Can you point to where						
7	Nashville is? Can you get like Highway 278?						
8	MR. OLAN REEVES: Nashville is going to be						
9	right there. (Indicating.)						
10	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: And you see that county						
11	line?						
12	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Uh-huh. It						
13	is right on it.						
14	MR. OLAN REEVES: I know. My mother						
15	is from Nashville, I know right where it is.						
16	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Yes. Who is your mama?						
17	Okay. Do you need to concentrate some more on						
18	that, or you are okay?						
19	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: No, ma'am, I						
20	have got it. I got it.						
21	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Now, over on this						
22	Senate side, in that Sevier County, and I need						
23	to know where DeQueen is on the map.						
24	MR. OLAN REEVES: It is right here.						
25	(Indicating.)						

MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Now, see, in city						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
government, you would kind of call that some						
spot zoning. Everybody else kind of gets some						
straight lines. And, now, these guys down here						
in Columbia County, they have got some mess-ups						
down there, too, we are driving a whole lot						
around there, I saw. But						
MR. OLAN REEVES: That is DeQueen,						
right there. (Indicating.)						
MS. DOLLY HENLEY: DeQueen. Okay. DeQueen						
has been taken out of our Senate district, is						
that not right?						
MR. LARRY CRANE: No.						
MR. OLAN REEVES: I don't know. Let						
me look at that. Was it in the other district						
last time?						
MS. DOLLY HENLEY: It is in the						
district last time.						
UNIDENTIFIED MAN: It still is.						
MR. LARRY CRANE: It is still in 20.						
MR. TIM HUMPHRIES: It is still in						
with Howard County.						
MR. LARRY CRANE: It is with Howard						
County, it is in Jim Hill's district.						
ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: It is						

1	with Polk, Howard, Pike, and the northern part
2	of Hempstead.
3	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: So, you guys are
4	telling me that has not changed? That is
5	not
6	MR. OLAN REEVES: This is the same.
7	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Those lines have
8	not changed?
9	MR. OLAN REEVES: It is still that
10	same district.
11	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Okay. I can be
12	happy with that, then. We don't want to change
13	this. We are not crazy about the Leopards, but
14	we like them when we are voting over there.
15	That is all I have to say. But that House
16	district, really and truly, bear down on that
17	one.
18	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: In
19	other words, even though we have tried hard to
20	follow county lines, are saying that should be
21	the exception of the rule, that that county
22	line there is really arbitrary?
23	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Oh, no doubt about it.
24	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Well,
25	we will look at it when we get back and

1	see what we can do.
2	MS. DOLLY HENLEY: Okay. I appreciate it.
3	Thank you.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Thank
5	you.
6	MR. OLAN REEVES: Anybody else?
7	MR. MARC ROSSON: I am Marc Rosson
8	from Sevier County. I like the on the
9	House, I like the way it is done, it keeps the
10	whole county intact at this time where it was
11	not before. The only difference I would like
12	to see, if you all could, would be the area
13	around Dierks. A lot of the citizens from
14	there go to DeQueen to do their shopping. And
15	that
16	MR. OLAN REEVES: Is that Dierks
17	right here? (Indicating.)
18	MR. MARK ROSSON: Yeah, that first
19	line there. If you all can take that into
20	consideration.
21	MR. OLAN REEVES: Okay.
22	MR. MARK ROSSON: Thank you.
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Now, under
24	this proposed change, where is Dierks, is that
25	it right there? (Indicating.)

1	MR. OLAN REEVES: It is has always been in
2	23, right there. (Indicating.) It has always
3	been in at least in the maps we have drawn
4	up, it has always been in 23, it didn't change
5	that.
6	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: Now, sir, do
7	you like it in 23 or we would you rather have
8	it in 21? You like it in 21?
9	MR. MARK ROSSON: Yeah, in 21.
10	MR. OLAN REEVES: He is talking moving it
11	over here. (Indicating.)
12	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: All
13	right. We will have to look at that.
14	MR. MARK ROSSON: Okay.
15	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: And run the
16	numbers, and see if that is feasible. Thank
17	you.
18	MR. OLAN REEVES: Anybody else? Okay.
19	Back to you.
20	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST: Thank
21	you, Butch. I am going to ask General Pryor if
22	he has any closing comments he would like to
23	make?
24	ATTORNEY GENERAL MARK PRYOR: I just want
25	to thank you all for being here. We need to

1	thank the college here for having us. This has
2	been a great facility and they have been a
3	wonderful host. And we appreciate all of you
4	all's time for coming and participating in our
5	democracy this way. Thank you very much.
6	SECRETARY OF STATE SHARON PRIEST:
7	Thank you.
8	(WHEREUPON, at 7:20 p.m., the taking
9	of the above-entitled proceeding was
10	concluded.)
11	0
12	

SIGN-IN SHEETS.

		67
MAPS.		

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF ARKANSAS)

COUNTY OF PULASKI)

I, DONNA K. PETRE, Certified Court

Reporter and notary public in and for the County of

Pulaski, State of Arkansas, duly commissioned and acting,

do hereby certify that the above-entitled proceedings

were taken by me in Stenotype, and were thereafter

reduced to print by means of computer-assisted

transcription, and the same truly, and correctly reflects

the proceedings had.

WHEREFORE, I have subscribed my signature and affixed my notarial seal as such notary public at the City of Little Rock, County of Pulaski, State of Arkansas, this the 28th day of July, 2001.

DONNA K. PETRE, CCR NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR PULASKI COUNTY, ARKANSAS LS CERTIFICATE #125

My Commission Expires:
August 4, 2010.

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